



Free and Open-Source Software (FOSS)

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This Talk

Motivation for Free Software as a valid alternative to closed/proprietary software products

Endless Topic

Emphasis on certain aspects

Free vs. Open



Point of View

Developers developing software

Company producing software



Company using software End-user using software

Point of View

Developers developing software Company producing software Company using software

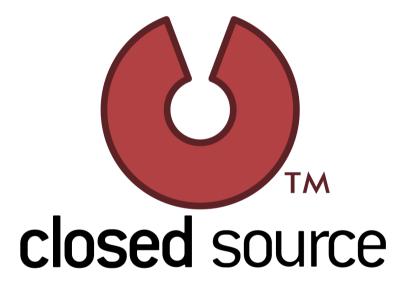
End-user using software

Point of View



Symbols











Subjective!

Aspects of FOSS

Costs









- 50
- Recurring Fees
- *****
- **Support**
- Cost of Training
 - IT
 - End-User

- 5
- 5
- Cost of Downtime (Availability)

- 5
- Risk of Security Issues
 - Loss of Customer Data
 - Loss of Reputation
 - Loss of Company Secrets

- 50

- Customization

Integration

- 5

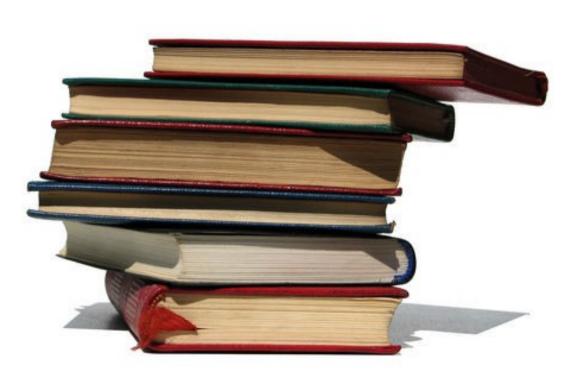
Lock-in Costs



Sustainability of Knowledge/Skills/Training

Knowledge learned today last much longer for FOSS

Invest in your knowledge vs. ship \$\$\$ to USA



Support

Quick test 1:





«ask a question on GitHub, in the Usenet/IRC, or in a forum»



Quick test 2:

«consult your Microsoft/Oracle/... product documentation»







«look it up in your FOSS documentation»



Drilled to Success

- «We need to have X new features every Y months»
 - Get consumers to buy new version

Revolution vs. Evolution (FOSS)



Improving the current featureset is only OK for FOSS

Forced upgrade cycles

Although: subscription model is a game-changer here



«Make it so»

MINIMUM MAINTENANCE ROAD

TRAVEL AT YOUR OWN RISK

Quality

A recent study [1] of >1500 projects states:

- less errors per LOC
- better quality
- faster bug-fixing





No guarantee: Majority of FOSS projects:

- Depending on one developer
- Bad quality
- Insecure
- Questionable future

Security

FOSS is no guarantee for good security

- It's a prerequisite for security
- Closed source is guarantee that no one is able to take a look at the implemented security

Handling bugs

- Burden vs. gain

Lock-In Effect, Open Standards

- Openess of data is even more important than license of SW
- Lock-in Effect
 - Vendor dictating price, upgrade cycles, featureset, ...
 - Discontinued products result at least in data loss
 - Hard to switch to alternatives
 - Restricted business strategy
- Munich switched to FOSS[1]
- Italian military switches to FOSS[2]
- France switches to FOSS[3]
- Great Britain switches to FOSS[4]

^[1] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LiMux

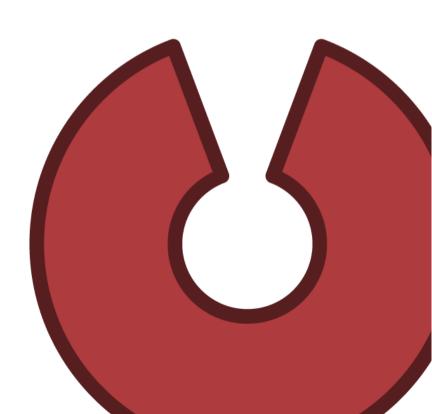
^[2] http://www.libreitalia.it/chi-siamo/

^[3] http://business.lesechos.fr/directions-numeriques/technologie/open-source/021204971064-informatique-l-administration-tente-de-reduire-le-poids-de-microsoft-201160.php

^[4] https://www.gov.uk/government/policies/government-transparency-and-accountability

Reasons for Closed Source

- Niche applications
- Topics with not enough motiviation/know-how of FOSS developers
- When you depend on proprietary software or hardware
- Unskilled users avoiding learning steep curves
- For software as a service (SAAS) model
- When you need special kind of support
- When you need to avoid license hell
- When you need someone to sue

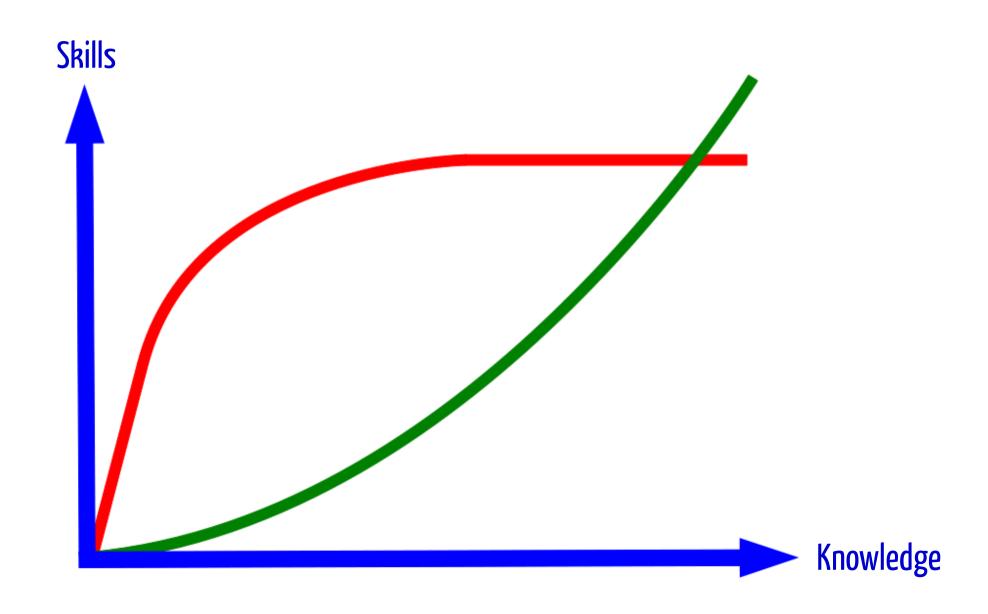


Far Future: My Prediction

- FOSS will be the default license model for everyday software such as
 - Operating system
 - Word processing
 - Web browsers
 - And so forth

Closed source software is found only for niche markets

Short Term vs. Long Term Focus



Aspects Not Covered Here

- Try Before You Buy
- License hell
- Local FOSS knowledge vs. foreign license fee
- Economics such as Rol limitations
- Open hardware
- And many more ...

Lessons Learned

«Free» is more than just «open»

If you love your data, use FOSS

If you need security or privacy, use FOSS

Invest in your knowledge rather than foreign license fees

Some FOSS advantages emerge only after years (the long run)

Don't get yourself (or your data) locked-in

Please do give me some **feedback** on this talk: https://glt16-programm.linuxtage.at/events/113.html

Follow my Blog: http://Karl-Voit.at/

Use-Case: Aras (PLM)

- Enterprise SW
- Started as proprietary SW
- Since 2007: as Microsoft Public License and BSD Ω
 - Updates via subscription model
 - Support via subscription model

Colophon

- Software used:
 - LibreOffice Impress
 - Debian GNU/Linux
- Fonts:
 - Yanone Kaffeesatz
 - Source Sans Pro
 - Arial Rounded
- Photographs, Logos:
 - See included URLs

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